

DEVELOPMENT OF A GRID CONNECTED SOLAR
PHOTOVOLTIC SYSTEM

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(07/8405)



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Degree of Master of Science

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Department of Electrical Engineering

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Dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree
Master of Science

Department of Electrical Engineering

University of Moratuwa
Sri Lanka

October 2011

DECLARATION

I declare that this is my own work and this dissertation does not incorporate without acknowledgement any material previously submitted for a Degree or Diploma in any other University or institute of higher learning and to the best of my knowledge and belief it does not contain any material previously published or written by another person except where the acknowledgement is made in the text.

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The above candidate has carried out research for the Masters Dissertation under my supervision.

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Abstract

This study and development are focused about an integration of a solar photovoltaic (PV) system to an existing power plant located in Colombo Sri Lanka.

The combined cycle power plant related to the project consists of many easily identifiable resources for the development of a solar project.

Survey to find out available resources, ways of integrating the selected resources to optimize the project outcome, best way to utilize the solar energy and finding out the feasibility of implementing the project are the objective behind the project development.

The project identifies a grid connected solar PV system with a single axis tracking as the best way to integrate solar PV energy to an existing power plant.

The areas of study and design are related to solar panels and the structural frame work, sun tracking system, tracker drive mechanism, power conversion and power evacuation system.

The project components selection criteria developed in this project are based on the preliminary studies and surveys. Comparison made for deferent types of solar cells based on their reliability, cost & efficiency.

Also surveys were done about gains, regulations, quality checks, safety and environmental aspects related to project components.

Upon finalizing the basic project configuration, sizing of the systems carried out in a logical criterion prior to the detailed design stages.

Comprehensive design carried out for the control module and drive mechanism of solar tracker which demonstrates the flexibility of existing plant control system. Design of structural framework is used to find cost components relevant to the balance of system and to find out the impact of loading the building roof with solar PV components.

Cost benefit analysis carried out against three different options of energy dispatch to meet the conclusions.

As an outcome following conclusions have been met,

- By effective utilization of existing resources available at a power plant simple pay back (SPB) period of a solar PV system of 106 kW capacity could be brought down to 9-10 years .
- A single axis tracking system could further reduce the SPB period of a solar PV system.
- It is more beneficial to export solar PV energy separately to the grid during the cases where thermal energy production cost is cheaper than Rs.20/= to further bring down SPB period. This is possible by introducing a switching signal from DCS for smooth change over between separate power feeding and station power feeding based on online energy unit cost comparison.

- Design, construction and commissioning of Solar PV system with a thermal power plant at initial stages in parallel with main project could avoid wastages of resources.

The concepts and design criteria used at different phases of this project development could be useful for direct application or with appropriate modifications to incorporate with solar PV project developments.



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Declaration of the candidate & Supervisor	iii
Abstract	iv
Acknowledgements	v
Table of content	vii
List of Figures	x
List of Tables	xii
List of abbreviations	xiv
List of Appendices	xvi
1. Introduction	
1.1 Background and Preliminary Survey	1
1.2 Energy demand by plant Auxiliaries	2
1.3 Motivation	2
1.4 Achievement in brief	3
2. Problem Statement	
2.1 Identification of the Problem	4
2.2 Objectives of the Study	4
2.3 Importance of the Study	5
3. Proposed Solution	
3.1 Conceiving Features of a Relevant Solution	6
3.2 Methods and Techniques	6
4. Survey and Analysis	
4.1 Survey for solar photovoltaic energy availability at site.	7
4.2 Market survey and Solar panel selection.	8
4.2.1 Crystalline Silicon Solar Cells	8
4.2.2 Thin Film Technologies	9
4.2.3 Space and Concentrator Cells	12
4.2.4 Organic and Dye Sensitized Cells	13
4.3 PV Module Qualification tests	14
4.4 Solar panel selection against site conditions	15
4.4.1 Project frame work, factors to be considered and available Resources	15
4.4.2 Panel selection	18
4.5 Basis for selection of Grid connected system	18
4.6 Basis for selection of tracking system	19
4.7 Safety, protection and Environmental aspects	19
4.7.1 Safety, protection and Environmental aspects of PV modules	20

4.7.2 Safety, protection and Environmental aspects of tracking system	22
4.7.3 Safety, protection and Environmental aspects of Power circuit Equipments	24
5. System development	
5.1 Sizing of Solar Panels	28
5.2 Sizing of Invertors and power circuit components	29
5.3 Sizing of structural frame work	31
5.3.1 Design of Shaft size	33
5.3.2 Supports and bearings for rods/shafts	40
5.4 Sizing of Manual Tilting frame work	43
5.5 Design of tracking system	44
5.5.1 Few Tracking options which can be integrated with DCS	44
5.5.1.1 Chronological/Timer based system	44
5.5.1.2. Solar intensity based system	45
5.5.1.3. Function based system	45
5.5.1.4. Heliostat Principle	45
5.5.2 Selection of best tracking option and development of Basic model	45
5.5.3 Solar tracker design	46
5.5.3.1 Different conditions effecting solar intensity and panel Orientation	47
5.5.3.2 Process flow table of the Tracking system	47
5.5.3.3 Potential divider for CdS array signal detection	48
5.5.3.4 Basic design in DCS for the control	49
5.5.3.5 Design considerations for CdS array.	50
5.5.3.6 Conditional logics and the switching of either fixed set point or tracking	51
5.5.3.7 Details of Function codes (used for the developments of DCS Logics and process control scheme).	51
5.6.1 DCS Logic diagram for inputs	53
5.6.2 DCS Logic diagram for selection of output from 3 transmitters	54
5.6.3 DCS Logic diagram for generation of position signals and switching signal with time delay for default or tracking set point	55
5.6.4 DCS Logic diagram for the selector for default or tracking mode and solar panel position control	56
5.6.5 DCS Logic diagram for output signal for Solar panel position control actuator.	57
5.7 Design of balance of system of the unit	58
6. Financial benefits analysis	
6.1 Expected energy balance	64
6.2 Project cost	64
6.3 Cost benefit analysis for the implementation of the project	67
6.4 Cost benefit analysis for the implementation of tracking system	69
6.5 Cost benefit analysis for the implementation without tracking system	69

7. Application of the Proposed Method	
7.1 Applications	70
7.2 Implementation of the proposed systems	70
8. Concluding Remarks and Further Developments	
8.1 Conclusions, Remarks and Discussion	71
8.2 Recommendations for Future Research/ Studies	72
9. References	73
10. List of Appendices	75



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List of Figures

	Page
Figure 4.1 Solar resource potential map of Sri Lanka Developed by NREL (USA)	07
Figure 4.2 Connection Schematic diagram for grid connected PV system	20
Figure 4.3 Safety requirements of power circuit	24
Figure 4.4 Energy metering arrangement of Grid connected PV system	26
Figure 5.1 Front elevation of panel mounting frame	31
Figure 5.2 Cross section and dimensions of L iron bars	32
Figure 5.3 Bending moment diagram for a panel row (Case -1)	34
Figure 5.4 Member detailed forces (Case -1)	35
Figure 5.5 Bending moment diagram for a panel row (Case -2)	37
Figure 5.6 Member detailed forces (Case -2)	37
Figure 5.7 Radial loads applied on bearings (Case 1)	41
Figure 5.8 Radial loads applied on bearings (Case 2)	42
Figure 5.9 Bearing selection guide line (SKF)	43
Figure 5.10 Basic Model of Solar tracker	46
Figure 5.11 Potential divider for CdS cell signal detection	48
Figure 5.12 Basic design in DCS for the control	49
Figure 5.13 DCS Logic diagram for input signals	53
Figure 5.14 DCS Logic diagram for selection of output from 3 transmitters	54
Figure 5.15 DCS Logic diagram for generation of position signals and switching Signal with time delay for default or tracking set point	55
Figure 5.16 DCS Logic diagram for the selector for default or tracking mode and solar panel position control	56
Figure 5.17 DCS Logic diagram for output signal for Solar panel position control actuator	57
Figure 5.18 Panel orientation morning to noon	59
Figure 5.19 Panel orientation Afternoon	60
Figure 5.20 Panel orientation noon to evening	61
Figure 5.21 Modified application of Scotch Yoke Mechanism	62
Figure 5.22 Pneumatic valve / actuator operated by a control signal using I to P converter and P to P positioner	63
Figure A1 Function Code 132	75
Figure A2 Function Code 9	77
Figure A3 Function Code 2	78
Figure A4 Function Code 12	79
Figure A5 Function Code 37	80
Figure A6 Function Code 30	81
Figure A7 Function Code 65	82
Figure A8 Function Code 156	83
Figure A9 Function Code 80	85
Figure A10 Function Code 33	90
Figure A11 Function Code 8	90

Figure A12	Function Code 1	91
Figure A13	Function Code 10	92
Figure A14	Function Code 11	93
Figure A15	Function Code 35	94
Figure A16	Function Code 110	95
Figure A17	Function Code 129	96
Figure A18	Function Code 69	99
Figure A19	Function Code 39	100
Figure A20	Function Code 115	101
Figure A21	Function Code 16	102
Figure A22	Function Code 40	103
Figure A23	Function Code 50	104
Figure A24	Function Code 59	105
Figure A25	Function Code 31	106
Figure A26	Function Code 149	107
Figure A27	Function Code 38	109
Figure D1	MCCs with spare breaker cubicles (Photograph 1)	114
Figure D2	MCCs with spare breaker cubicles (Photograph 2)	114
Figure D3	Ducting & trays with extra space (Photograph 3)	114
Figure D4	Ducting & trays with extra space (Photograph 4)	114
Figure D5	Un-shaded Flat roof areas (Photograph 5)	115
Figure D6	Continuous compressed air supplies with easy access (Photograph 6)	115
Figure D7	Un-shaded Flat roof areas (Photograph 7)	115
Figure D8	Ducting & trays with extra space (Photograph 8)	115
Figure D9	Un-shaded Flat roof areas (Photograph 9)	116
Figure D10	Expandable DCS -Marshalling panel (Photograph 10)	116

List of Tables

Table		Page
Table 1.1	Tariff rates effective from 1st January 2011 (Industrial -3)	1
Table 1.2	Plant operational pattern during last 5 years	2
Table 4.1	Efficiency/cost comparison for different cell manufacturing technologies	9
Table 4.2	Important parameters of different materials used to form Thin- film solar cells	12
Table 4.3	Relative Humidity Data for Colombo	16
Table 4.4	Average and Extreme Rainfall Data of Colombo	17
Table 4.5	Wire sizing table	21
Table 4.6	Overview of the possible range of islanding detection techniques	26
Table 5.1	Un-shaded plant roof areas	28
Table 5.2	Final configuration of panels in building roofs	31
Table 5.3	Dimensions and weight of flat iron bars (mild steel)	33
Table 5.4	Dimensions and weight of angle iron bars (mild steel)	33
Table 5.5	Dimensions and weight of cast iron rods	39
Table 5.6	Different conditions effecting solar intensity and panel orientation	47
Table 5.7	Basic Process flow table of tracking system	48
Table 5.8	Two main different conditions which can be used to generate switching signal	51
Table 5.9	List of function codes used in the project	52
Table 5.10	Panel angle against tracking time	62
Table 6.1	Cost for single frame and shaft unit	65
Table 6.2	Additional expenses for the implementation of a tracking system	66
Table 6.3	Total expenses for the project	67
Table 6.4	Export energy cost	68
Table 6.5	Cost benefit analysis total project	68
Table 6.6	Cost benefit analysis tracking system	69
Table 6.7	Cost benefit analysis without tracking system	69
Table A1	Outputs of Function Code 132	75
Table A2	Specifications of Function Code 132	77
Table A3	Outputs of Function Code 9	77
Table A4	Specifications of Function Code 9	78
Table A5	Outputs of Function Code 2	78
Table A6	Specifications of Function Code 2	78
Table A7	Outputs of Function Code 12	79
Table A8	Specifications of Function Code 12	79
Table A9	Outputs of Function Code 37	80
Table A10	Truth Table of Function Code 37	80
Table A11	Specifications of Function Code 37	80
Table A12	Outputs of Function Code 30	81
Table A13	Specifications of Function Code 30	81

Table A14	Outputs of Function Code 65	82
Table A15	Specifications of Function Code 65	82
Table A16	Outputs of Function Code 156	84
Table A17	Specifications of Function Code 156	85
Table A18	Outputs of Function Code 80	87
Table A19	Specifications of Function Code 80	89
Table A20	Outputs of Function Code 33	90
Table A21	Specifications of Function Code 33	90
Table A22	Outputs of Function Code 8	91
Table A23	Specifications of Function Code 8	91
Table A24	Outputs of Function Code 1	91
Table A25	Specifications of Function Code 1	92
Table A26	Specifications of Function Code 10	92
Table A27	Outputs of Function Code 10	93
Table A28	Specifications of Function Code 11	93
Table A29	Outputs of Function Code 11	93
Table A30	Truth Table of Function Code 35	94
Table A31	Specifications of Function Code 35	94
Table A32	Outputs of Function Code 110	95
Table A33	Specifications of Function Code 110	96
Table A34	Outputs of Function Code 129	97
Table A35	Specifications of Function Code 129	99
Table A36	Outputs of Function Code 69	100
Table A37	Specifications of Function Code 69	100
Table A38	Outputs of Function Code 39	101
Table A39	Truth Table of Function Code 39	101
Table A40	Specifications of Function Code 39	101
Table A41	Outputs of Function Code 115	102
Table A42	Specifications of Function Code 115	102
Table A43	Outputs of Function Code 16	103
Table A44	Specifications of Function Code 16	104
Table A45	Outputs of Function Code 40	104
Table A46	Truth Table of Function Code 40	104
Table A47	Specifications of Function Code 40	104
Table A48	Outputs of Function Code 50	105
Table A49	Specifications of Function Code 50	105
Table A50	Outputs of Function Code 59	105
Table A51	Specifications of Function Code 59	106
Table A52	Outputs of Function Code 31	106
Table A53	Specifications of Function Code 31	107
Table A54	Outputs of Function Code 149	108
Table A55	Specifications of Function Code 149	109
Table A56	Outputs of Function Code 38	110
Table A57	Truth Table of Function Code 38	110
Table A58	Specifications of Function Code 38	110

List of Abbreviations and Units

Abbreviation	Description
AC	Alternating current
A/D	Analog to Digital
a-Si	(Hydrogenated) amorphous silicon
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
BOS	Balance of system
CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
CEB	Ceylon Electricity Board
CIS	Copper indium Di-Selenide
CIGS	Copper indium Gallium Di-Selenide
DC	Direct Current
DSSC	Dye sensitised solar cell
EHS	Environment, Health and Safety
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (USA)
ISO	International Standards Organization
ITO	Indium-tin oxide
LV	Low voltage
MPPT	Maximum power point tracker
NREL	National Renewable Energy Laboratory (USA)
O & M	Operations and Maintenance
PV	Photovoltaic, photovoltaics
RH	Relative Humidity
STC	Standard Test Conditions
UL	Underwriters Laboratory (USA)
X-Si	Crystalline Silicon

Unit Abbreviation	Description
watt (W)	SI unit of power. Symbol is W. power under standard test conditions (STC).
W_p (peak watt)	peak power at STC (standard test conditions).
$W m^{-2}$	watts per square meter. Used to measure solar short-wave radiation global short-wave radiation flux, i.e. radiant energy flow per unit time, is known as the irradiance.
G	The integral of irradiance flux over any period is called the irradiation. Typical integration periods are the hour, which yields the hourly global irradiation, G_h (units $MJ m^{-2} h^{-2}$ or $Wh m^{-2} h^{-2}$). the day G_d (units $MJ m^{-2} d^{-1}$ or $Wh m^{-2} d^{-1}$) and the month G_m (units $MJ m^{-2}$ per month or $Wh m^{-2}$ per month).

Term	Definition
Controller	Directs field processes; the Harmony area controller is an example.
Control logic document	A grouping of sheets containing control logic (usually with a similar purpose). A controller configuration frequently contains multiple control logic documents.
Control logic template	Preconfigured configuration documents used to simplify the creation of a new control logic document. A control logic template, when dragged into a controller, becomes a control logic document that is identical to the template.
Control network	Data communication highway.
Exchange	Project-wide repository of system and user-defined reusable components (symbols, shapes, macros, and documents). These components are organized into folders.
Function code	An algorithm that manipulates specific functions. These functions are linked together to form the control strategy.
Harmony control unit	A control network node that contains controllers.
Human systems interface	Combined hardware and software entity (sometimes just a software application) used by operators to monitor and control the process control system.
Project	The largest grouping of configuration information (displays, control logic documents, etc.) for a process.
Sheet	The actual pages of a control logic document on which control logic is inserted.



List of Appendices

Appendix	Description	Page
Appendix –A	DCS Function Codes	75
Appendix –B	Quotation for Solar PV inverters	111
Appendix –C	Quotation for structural materials	113
Appendix –D	Photographs for available resources in the plant	114



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