

**LEAN STRATEGIES TO MINIMIZE WASTE IN
SRI LANKAN QUARRY INDUSTRY**

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Degree of Master of Science in Project Management

Department of Building Economics

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Thesis/ Dissertation submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for
the degree Master of Science in Project Management

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DECLARATION

I declare that this is my own work and this dissertation does not incorporate without acknowledgement any material previously submitted for a Degree or Diploma in any other University or institute of higher learning and to the best of my knowledge and belief it does not contain any material previously published or written by another person except where the acknowledgement is made in the text.

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Date:

The above candidate has carried out research for the Dissertation under my supervision.

Signature of the supervisor:

Date:

DEDICATION

This dissertation is gratefully dedicated to my father and mother for making me who I am, and wife for supporting me all the way!

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

This dissertation would not have been possible without the support of so many people in so many ways. I owe a debt of gratitude to each and every one who spent their valuable time and effort and to all who shared their knowledge and professional experience.

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ABSTRACT

Lean strategies to minimize waste in Sri Lankan quarry industry

Aggregates product is one of the main contributors to the construction industry. According to the GSMB records, the total annual production of crushed and broken rock is about 10 million cubic meters. Due to the rapid increase of construction industry, the demand for the rock is also increasing and it will help to increase the number of metal quarries in the country. Therefore, there is a need to enhance quantity and productivity of process in industrial quarry projects.

It is very difficult to find a systematically well-developed quarry although there is a high demand for aggregate product in Sri Lanka. It is observed that there are many non – value adding activities (waste) in their processes which hinder the quarry performance. Therefore, there is a need to implement concept such as lean philosophy in order to eliminate or minimize waste and to optimize quarry operation.

Accordingly, aim of this research is to identify lean strategies to minimize waste in Sri Lankan quarry industry. One of the objectives of this study was to identify lean concept and main industrial waste. This objective was successfully achieved through a comprehensive literature survey and end of the literature review the conceptual model for the study was developed.

Multiple case study method under qualitative research approach was selected as the most suitable research method for this study. Three industrial quarry sites were selected under the multiple case study design. Data collection for the case study was based on semi structured interviews based on the open ended questions to enhance the richness of the information collected. Data were analyzed adopting content analysis, tables and cognitive mapping techniques.

Cognitive map was developed for all identified factors affecting waste in Sri Lankan aggregate mining industry under main eight waste which are Over Production, Waiting/ Delay, Unnecessary Transportation, Unnecessary Processing, Excess Inventories, Unnecessary Movement/ Motion, Defects, Underutilised People . The proposed strategies for each factor were linked to relevant lean strategy by considering literature review and desk study. Finally, initially developed conceptual model was modified to prepare a framework to minimize waste (non-value adding activities) in Sri Lankan quarry industry by using lean strategies as the final outcome of the research. Accordingly TPM, JIT, Bottleneck Analysis, PDCA, 5S, Kaizen, TQM, Poka-Yoke, Jidoka were identified as key lean strategies to minimizes main eight waste in quarry industry.

Key words: Aggregate mining Industry/ Quarry Industry, Lean Concept, Waste

TABLE OF CONTENT

Declaration	i
Dedication	ii
Acknowledgement	iii
Abstract	iv
Table of Content	v
List of Figures	x
List of Tables	xii
List of Abbreviations	xiii
CHAPTER 01	1
1. Introduction	1
1.1 Background	1
1.2 Problem Statement	4
1.3 Aim and Objectives	5
1.4 Methodology	6
1.5 Scope and Limitation	6
1.6 Chapter Breakdown	7
1.7 Summary	8
CHAPTER 02	9
2. Literature Review	9
2.1 Mining Industry	9
2.1.1 World Mining Industry	10
2.1.2 Sri Lankan Mining Industry	13
2.1.3 Underground and Open Cast Mining	16
2.1.3.1 Underground Mining	16
2.1.3.2 Open Cast / Surface Mining	17

2.1.4	Industrial Quarry Project.....	18
2.1.5	Process in Quarry Industry.....	21
2.1.5.1	Drilling.....	21
2.1.5.2	Blasting	22
2.1.5.3	Mucking and Scaling	24
2.1.5.4	Breaking.....	25
2.1.5.5	Loading and Transporting.....	25
2.1.5.6	Processing/ Crushing	26
2.2	Lean Philosophy	29
2.2.1	History of Lean Philosophy	32
2.2.2	Lean Principles.....	33
2.2.2.1	Womack and Jones's Principles.....	33
2.2.2.2	Koskela's Lean Principles.....	36
2.2.2.3	Henderson and Larco's Lean Principles	38
2.2.2.4	Chinh and Nhon's Principles	38
2.2.3	Types of Waste	39
2.2.4	Lean Strategies	42
2.2.4.1	5S Concept.....	42
2.2.4.2	Just-In-Time (JIT)	42
2.2.4.3	Kaizen	43
2.2.4.4	Kanban (Pull System)	43
2.2.4.5	Value Stream Mapping	44
2.2.4.6	Poka-Yoke.....	44
2.2.4.7	Takt Time	45
2.2.4.8	Total Productive Maintenance (TPM)	45
2.2.4.9	Continues Flow	46

2.2.4.10 Bottleneck Analysis	46
2.2.4.11 Total Quality Management (TQM)	46
2.2.4.12 Visual Controls / Visual Management.....	47
2.2.4.13 Daily Huddle Meeting	47
2.2.4.14 Plan Do Check Act (PDCA).....	47
2.2.4.15 Cellular Manufacturing/ Manufacturing Cells.....	48
2.2.4.16 Jidoka (Autonomation)	48
2.2.4.17 Work Standardization	48
2.2 Waste in Quarry Industry	49
2.3 Application of Lean Concept in Mining Industry	50
2.4 Conceptual Model of the Research	52
CHAPTER 03	54
3. Research Methodology	54
3.1 Introduction	54
3.2 Research Approach	54
3.3 Case Study Design	55
3.3.1 Identification of Unit of Analysis	55
3.3.2 Case Selection.....	56
3.4 Data Collection.....	56
3.4.1 Interviews.....	56
3.4.1.1 Interview Structure	57
3.4.1.2 Interview Process	57
3.5 Data Analysis	58
3.6 Summary	59
CHAPTER 04	60
4. Data Analysis and Findings	60

4.1	Introduction	60
4.2	Overview of the Cases.....	60
4.3	Profile of Interviews.....	62
4.4	Cross Case Analysis	62
4.4.1	Waste in Sri Lankan Quarry Industry	63
4.4.1.1	Over Production Waste.....	66
4.4.1.2	Waiting / Delay Waste	69
4.4.1.3	Unnecessary Transportation Waste.....	72
4.4.1.4	Unnecessary Processing Waste.....	75
4.4.1.5	Excess Inventory Waste.....	78
4.4.1.6	Unnecessary movement/ motion waste	80
4.4.1.7	Defects	83
4.4.1.8	Underutilized People Waste	87
4.4.2	Lean Strategies to Minimize Waste	95
4.4.2.1	Lean Strategies to Minimize Over Production Waste	99
4.4.2.2	Lean Strategies to Minimize Waiting /Delay Waste	100
4.4.2.3	Lean Strategies to Minimize Unnecessary Transportation Waste	101
4.4.2.4	Lean Strategies to Minimize Unnecessary Processing Waste	101
4.4.2.5	Lean Strategies to Minimize Excess Inventories Waste.....	102
4.4.2.6	Lean Strategies to Minimize Unnecessary Movement/ Motion waste .	103
4.4.2.7	Lean Strategies to Minimize Defects Waste.....	104
4.4.2.8	Lean Strategies to Minimize Underutilized People Waste	106
4.4	Framework to Minimize Waste in Sri Lankan Quarry Industry	108
4.5	Summary	110
	CHAPTER 05.....	111

5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	111
5.1 Introduction	111
5.2 Conclusions	111
5.3 Recommendations to the Mining Industry	114
5.4 Recommendations for Further Research	115
References	116
Annexes.....	122

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1.1: Chapter breakdown.....	7
Figure 2.1 Left: Bingham Canyon mine in US; Right: Chuquicamata Copper Mine in Chile.....	12
Figure 2.2: Global Mining Activities in 2011.....	13
Figure 2.3: Mineral Resource Map of Sri Lanka	15
Figure 2.4: Picture of Quarry Site.....	19
Figure 2.5: Process in Quarry Operation.....	20
Figure 2.6 Left: Manual Drilling Using Pneumatic Hand Drill Machine; Right: Mechanized Drilling Using Track Drill Machine.....	21
Figure 2.7: Blast Design Terminology.....	23
Figure 2.8 Left: Charging of Dynamite with ED (Primer); Right: Filling of ANFO (Main Blasting Agent).....	23
Figure 2.9 Left: Doing Stemming; Right: Making of Circuits (Wiring).....	24
Figure 2.10: Mucking Using an Excavator.....	24
Figure 2.11: Rock Breaking.....	25
Figure 2.12 Left: Loading to Dump Trucks; Right: Material Transportation to Processing or Direct Customers.....	26
Figure 2.13: Crusher Plant Diagram.....	27
Figure 2.14: Commonly use Crusher Plant Flow Sheet.....	28
Figure 2.15: The Deming Chain Illustrating how Quality Improvements Reach the Bottom Line.	30
Figure 2.16: The Lean Production Value Stream	39

Figure 2.17: Continues Cycle of Five Lean Principles	35
Figure 2.18: Lean production – Eleven Sub Principles	37
Figure 2.19: The Lean Production Principles	38
Figure 2.20: Conceptual Model.....	53
Figure 4.1: Factors affecting Over Production	66
Figure 4.2: Factors affecting Waiting/ Delay Waste.....	69
Figure 4.3: Factors affecting Unnecessary Transportation	73
Figure 4.4: Factors affecting Unnecessary Processing	75
Figure 4.5: Factors affecting Waste on Excess Inventories	79
Figure 4.6: Factors affecting Waste under Unnecessary Movement / Motion	80
Figure 4.7: Factors affecting Defects.....	83
Figure 4.8: Factors affecting Waste on Underutilized People	88
Figure 4.9: Cognative map of factors affecting waste in Sri Lankan quarry industry.....	94
Figure 4.10: Framework to minimize waste in Sri Lankan quarry industry by applying lean strategies	109

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1: Literature Summary on different type of waste	40
Table 2.2: Waste types with their descriptions	41
Table 2.3: Simple illustration of 5s.....	42
Table 4.1: Case description.....	61
Table 4.2: Profile of Interviews	62
Table 4.3: Identified factors affecting waste in industrial aggregate mining project in Sri Lanka	63
Table 4.4: Respondents' responses on factors affecting over production.....	67
Table 4.5: Respondents' responses on factors affecting waiting/ delay waste	70
Table 4.6: Respondents' responses on factors affecting unnecessary transportation	74
Table 4.7: Factors affecting unnecessary processing.....	76
Table 4.8: Respondents' responses on factors affecting waste under excess inventories.....	79
Table 4.9: Respondents' responses on factors affecting waste under unnecessary movement / motion	81
Table 4.10: Respondents' responses on factors affecting defects.....	84
Table 4.11: Respondents' responses on factors affecting waste under Underutilized People.....	89
Table 4.12: Proposed lean strategies to minimise waste in Sri Lankan quarry industry	96

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation	Description
ABC	Aggregate Base Course
AVI	Aggregate Impact Value
AML	Artisanal Mining Licence
ANFO	Ammonium-Nitrate with Fuel Oil
FI	Flakiness Index
FPS	Ford Production System
GSMB	Geological Survey and Mines Bureau
IML	Industrial Mining Licence
ISEE	International Society of Explosive Engineers
JIT	Just in Time
LAAV	Loss Angelies Abrasion Value
NVAAs	Non Value Added Activities
PDCA	Plan-Do-Check-Act
PPE	personal protective equipment
SG	Specific Gravity
TPM	Total Productive Maintenance
TPS	Toyota Production System
TPSBH	Toyota Production System Basic Handbook
TQM	Total Quality Management
VSM	Value Stream Mapping