

NETWORK IMPLEMENTATION PETRI NET MODEL FOR LAXAPANA POWER PLANT COMPLEX

A dissertation submitted to the
Department of Electronic & Telecommunication Engineering,
University of Moratuwa
in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the
Degree of Master of Science

by

D.T.Ganegoda
(148457G)

Supervised by: Dr. Upeka. Premaratne

**Department of Electronic & Telecommunication Engineering
University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka**

July 2019

DECLARATION

I declare that this is my own work and this thesis does not incorporate without acknowledgement any material previously submitted for a Degree or Diploma in any other University or institute of higher learning and to the best of my knowledge and belief it does not contain any material previously published or written by another person except where the acknowledgement is made in the text.

Also, I hereby grant to University of Moratuwa the non-exclusive right to reproduce and distribute my thesis, in whole or in part in print, electronic or other medium. I retain the right to use this content in whole or part in future works (such as articles or books).

.....

Signature of the candidate

.....

Date:

The above candidate has carried out research for the Masters Dissertation under my supervision.

.....

Signature of the supervisor

.....

Date

(Dr Upika. Premaratne)

Acknowledgments

I would like to acknowledge and express my heartfelt gratitude to my supervisor Dr.Upeka Premaratne, Senior Lecturer, Department of Electronic and Telecommunication Engineering, University of Moratuwa and Eng.A.L.Deshapriya for being with me in each and every step which took this research into a success while giving vital encouragement.

I am also heartily thankful to the coordinators of the MSc in Electronics and Automation Engineering programme and, all the staff members of department of Electronic and Telecommunication Engineering, University of Moratuwa.

I am grateful Eng.A.L.Deshapriya and my parents and wife for encouraging me toward this task.

Abstract

Laxapana Hydro Power complex consists of five Reservoirs & five Power stations. These power stations are located along the Kehelgamuwa Oya & the Muskeli Oya.

The total capacity of the Laxapana Complex is 354.8Mw and 13 Generators contribute their service to fulfill the service. It does not have a precise method to schedule these Generators. The Rule of thumb methods derived from past experiences is the only methodology which is used to schedule the generators. There is a cascaded system operating from water levels & flow rates of the reservoirs. it is essentially required a special Modeling Technique to optimize as the water level & the flow rates of the reservoirs are unpredictably change time to time.

It had been used a generator optimization method via Petri net Software by Engineer Lankanath. The purpose of this research is implementing the system after studying these data.

Most of the researches have been based on analyzing the previous data but in this (my) research real time data is used for the requirement. In this case, water flow rates, water levels data is rapidly acquired by the control system. Moreover all the data of generators are gained by the system.

It is decided the procedures & quantities which the generators should operate after analyzing all this data and it is monitored whether they work properly.

Eventually, Procedures & Preventive Maintenance dates etc. are decided & displayed by the AI after analyzing the data acquired. Because of this it is possible to optimize power with less failure.

Table of Contents

DECLARATION	i
Acknowledgments.....	ii
Abstract	iii
List of Tables	vii
List of Figures	ix
List of Abbreviations	x
CHAPTER-1	1
Introduction.....	1
1.1 Motivation	1
1.1.1 Importance of Hydropower in Sri Lanka	1
1.1.2 Laxapana Complex.....	3
1.2. Objective	4
CHAPTER-2	5
Literature review	5
2.3 Optimization of power output of a micro hydro power station using Fuzzy logic algorithm.....	6
2.4 Neural Network Based Optimum Model for Laxapana Hydro Power System	7
2.5 Neural network based short term forecasting engine to optimize energy and big data storage resources of wireless sensor networks.	7
2.7 Comparative analysis of optimization methods applied to thermal cycle of a coal fired power plant	8
2.8 Modeling and simulation of unified Petri-net model for Laxapana hydro power complex.....	8
2.9 Summery	9
CHAPTER-3	10
Theoretical approach.....	10
3.1. Internet of Things	10
3.2 Basic Petri Net Notions	10
3.3 Matrix Analysis	12
3.3 Modeling power of petri nets	14

CHAPTER-4	17
System analysis	17
4.1 Operational details of the Laxapana Power plant	17
4.2. Description of the water flows in Laxapana complex	18
4.3. Priority list of generators in Laxapana complex	20
CHAPTER-5	22
Petri-net system for generators	22
5.1 Introduction	22
5.2 Petri net model for a generator.....	22
5.3 Operation of the petri net model of generator	23
CHAPTER-6	25
System design	25
6.1 Introduction	25
Laxapana Complex.....	25
6.2 Block Diagram of the System	26
6.3 Flow chart of the system	27
CHAPTER-7	29
Model designing.....	29
7.1 Introduction	29
7.2. Operation of the single generator model	31
7.3. Operation of the Single Generator	32
7.4. Data Communication System.....	33
7.5. Reason to use Raspberry Pi-3.....	33
7.6. Methods to overcome data losing & Error occurring.....	33
7.7. Comparison of ESP8266 development board with Raspberry Pi as IoT development board	
7.8. IBM Cloud and the Watson IOT Platform	35
7.8.1. IBM Site Facilities	37
CHAPTER-8	38
Experiment and results.....	38

8.1 Simulation Results of the Petri-Net and Implemented results of the Laxapana Hydro power Plant	38
8.1.1 Load dispatching when the generators are available without Polpitiya power station	38
8.1.2 Load dispatching in real system when the generators are available without Polpitiya power station	39
8.1.3 Load dispatching when the generators are available without New Laxapana power station	40
8.1.4 Load dispatching in real system when the generators are available without New Laxapana power station	41
8.1.5 Load dispatching when the generators are available without Old laxapana power station	42
8.1.6 Load dispatching in real system when the generators are available without Old laxapana power station	43
8.1.7 Load dispatching in real system when the generators are available without Canyon power station	44
8.1.8 Load dispatching when the generators are available without Wimalasurendra power station	45
8.1.9 Load dispatching in real system when the generators are available without Wimalasurendra power station	46
8.1.9 Summery	47
CHAPTER-9	49
Test results	49
9.1. Test Results	49
9.2. Real Model	52
CHAPTER-10	54
Conclusion and Recommendation	54
10.1 Conclusion of the study	54
10.2 Recommendations for future work.....	55
References	56

List of Tables

Table 1. 1 Power generation table of previous 5 years	1
Table 1. 2 Power generation table of Laxapana complex previous 5 years	2
Table 2. 1 Generators Efficiency Percentages	6
Table 3. 1 Possible interpretations of places and transitions.....	11
Table 4. 1 Generator availability Selection water levels and flow rates.....	17
Table 4. 2 Generator capacities in Lakshapana Complex	18
Table 4. 3 Description of water flows in figure 4.1	19
Table 4. 4 Priority list of generators in Laxapana complex	20
Table 4. 5 Reservoir spill water levels and high flood water levels	21
Table 5. 1 Places and transitions of PN model of hydro generator.....	23
Table 5. 2 Marking of the PN model for generator availabilty with water level.....	24
Table 7. 1 Notation and meaning of the instructions.....	29
Table 7. 2 Lowest operating water levels of reservoirs for generators	32
Table 7. 3 Power stations and Capacities.....	32
Table 7. 4 Comparison of ESP8266 development board with Raspberry Pi	34
Table 8. 1 Changes in generator load and generator load capacity during load dispatching when the generators available without polpitiya power station	39
Table 8. 2 Changes in generator load and generator load capacity during load dispatching when the generators available without polpitiya power station	40
Table 8. 3 Changes in generator load and generator load capacity during load dispatching when the generators available without New Laxapana power station	41
Table 8. 4 Changes in generator load and generator load capacity during load dispatching when the generators available without New Laxapana power station	42
Table 8. 5 Changes in generator load and generator load capacity during load dispatching when the generators available without Old Laxapana power station	43
Table 8. 6 Changes in generator load and generator load capacity during load	

dispatching when the generators available without Old Laxapana power station	44
Table 8.7 Changes in generator load and generator load capacity during load dispatching when the generators available without Canyon power station	45
Table 8.8 Changes in generator load and generator load capacity during load dispatching when the generators available without Canyon power station	46
Table 8.9 Changes in generator load and generator load capacity during load dispatching when the generators available without Wimalsurendra power station	47
Table 8.10 Changes in generator load and generator load capacity during load dispatching when the generators available without Wimalsurendra power station	48
Table 8.11 Summary of the feasible power demand ranges and feasible but inaccurate deamand pecerntages without one generator at once	49

List of Figures

Figure 1. 1 Electrical power demand in srilanka	2
Figure 1. 2 Geographical Location of Laxapana Power Plant	3
Figure 1. 3 Reservoirs and plants of Laxapana complex	4
Figure 3. 1 A simple petri net model	11
Figure 3. 2 Possible interpretations of places and transitions	12
Figure 3. 3 Characteristics of petri nets	15
Figure 4. 1 Water flow in Laxapana complex.....	19
Figure 5. 1 Petri Net Model for Hydro generator	26
Figure 6. 1 Block Diagram for the system	26
Figure 6. 2 Flow Chart for the system	27
Figure 7. 1 Components of the front panel	30
Figure 7. 2 Picture of the front panel on reservoir model	30
Figure 7.3 Watson IoT platform.....	36
Figure 9. 1 GUI of the system.....	51
Figure 9. 2 Details of the system graphical interphase	51
Figure 9. 3 Details of the system graphical interphase	52
Figure 9. 4 States of the generators.....	53
Figure 9. 5 Demand with generated power	53
Figure 9. 6 Pictures of the resevoir models.....	53
Figure 9. 7 Raspberri Pi - 3	54
Figure 9. 8 System details view on the GUI.....	54

List of Abbreviations

IoT	Internet of Things
DSM	Global System for Mobile Communication
ASIC	Application Specific Integrated Circuit
ANN	Artificial Neural Network
M2M	Machine to Machine
GUI	Graphical User Interphase
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
MQTT	Message Queuing Telemetry Transport