REDEFINING URBAN HIERACHY CASE STUDY BASED ON SABARAGAMUWA PROVINCE OF SRI LANKA

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DEPARTMENT OF TOWN & COUNTRY PLANNING UNIVERSITY OF MORATUWA SRI LANKA JULY 2019

DECLARATION

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CERTIFICATION

The above candidate has carried out research supervision	for the Masters' dissertation under n
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ABSTRACT

With the advent of the liberalized economic culture in 1977 in Sri Lanka, the need for urban development became unavoidable. In such a situation, the role of the urban centers became leverage for the blooming of the country's urban development and plays a vital role in the reduction of regional disparities. Development prospects in each urban center should be clearly understood to harvest benefits from these urban centers as a nuclear for national & regional development. For this purpose, capacity or sustain of these urban centers should be analyzed. Hierarchical order analysis of these urban centers manifest the actual potentials of these urban centers and more prominent for the national & regional development.

The development potential of cities is subject to change over time. In order to gauge the level of development of cities, it is necessary to identify indicators and criteria that are relevant to the current development conditions, identify development trends using these criteria, and redefine the urban hierarchy according to these development trends. Proper analysis of each urban centers leads to gain maximum benefits from these urban centers. Up to now, there is no clear understanding of this hierarchy system in National & Regional physical plans in terms of attributes, factors, and methods used to determine the hierarchical order. So, there is a need to arise to explore the attributes, factors, methods used in the analysis of the hierarchy of urban centers. This study seeks to explore the indicators, factors, and methods used to analyze the hierarchical sequence of urban centers as articulated by urban development.

Sabaragamuwa Province was chosen to define the urban hierarchy which is the theme of this research project. This study analyzes the characteristics and methodologies of the Sabaragamuwa Province of Sri Lanka to assess the potential of "Ratnapura and Kegalle Districts".

Keywords: Redefine; Urban hierarchy; Sabaragamuwa Province.

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TABLE OF CONTENT

DECLARAT	ION	iii
CERTIFICA	TION	iv
ABSTRACT		v
ACKNOWL	EDGEMENTS	vi
TABLE OF	CONTENT	vii
LIST OF FIG	GURES AND TABLES	x
1 INTROI	DUCTION	1
1.1 Back	kground	1
1.2 Rese	earch problem	2
1.3 Obje	ective	3
1.4 Rese	earch Questions	3
1.5 Scor	be and Limitation	4
1.6 Metl	nodology	5
2 LITERA	TURE REVIEW	6
2.1 Intro	oduction	6
2.2 Basi	c Concepts and Definitions	6
2.2.1	Definition of region	6
2.2.2	The need for regional planning	7
2.2.3	Definition of urban	7
2.2.4	Links between urban and regional development	9
2.2.5	Concept of Urban Hierarchy	10
2.3 Theo	ories and Concepts	12
2.3.1	Industrial location theory	12
2.3.2	Economic base theory	13
2.3.3	Central place theory	13
2.3.4	Growth pole theory	15
2.3.5	Porter, s cluster theory	15
2.4 Attri	butes Determine the Urban Hierarchy	17
2.5 Meth	nods and Approaches for Analysis	21
251	Methods Use to Determine the Hierarchy of Town Centers	21

	2	2.5.2	Competitiveness parameters evaluated by various studies	22
	2	2.5.3	Other related parameters evaluated by various studies	22
	2.6	sum	mery	22
	2.7	Sum	nmary of Basic Concept and Definitions	24
3	R	ESEA	RCH DESIGN	25
	3.1	Intro	oduction	25
	3.2	Stud	ly Area	25
	Proc	ess to	Analyzing the Existing Hierarchical Orders of the Selected Town	
			ters	29
	3.4	Imp	rovement and Development of Urban Development Level Structure	29
	3.5	Con	nponents and Indicators Used to Measure Urban Hierarchy	30
	3	3.5.1	Indicators reveal the level of development in urban centers	30
	3.6	Met	hod to Analyze the Existing Hierarchical Order of Urban Centers	32
	3	3.6.1	Population Size	32
	3	3.6.2	Transportation Linkages	32
	3	3.6.3	Other development indicators	33
	3.7	Proc	ess to Analyze the Future Hierarchical Order of Urban Centers	33
	3	3.7.1	Population Size	33
	3	3.7.2	Transportation Linkages	33
	3	3.7.3	Dynamics indicate	33
	3.8	Othe	er Aspects which Affect the Hierarchy Order of Town Centers	34
	3	3.8.1	Urban safety	34
	3.9	SUN	MMARY	35
4	D.	ATA A	ANALYSIS	36
	4.1	Intro	oduction	36
	4.2	Data	a Analysis	36
	4.3		ationship between functional Urban Hierarchical indicators and selecte	
			urban hierarchical indicators	
	4.4	Circ	umstance Study Results	44
	4	.4.1	Comparative Analysis of development performance of cities in	
			Sabaragamuwa Province	46
	4	.4.2	Relative analysis of urban presentation on factors beneath 'quality of	
			life'	48

4	.4.3	Relative analysis of urban presentation on factors beneath Human resources development	49
4	.4.4	Relative analysis of city presentation on factors beneath Economic development.	50
4	.4.5	Relative analysis of city presentation on factors beneath Government contribution	51
4	.4.6	Relative analysis of city presentation on factors beneath infrastructure	52
4	.4.7	Redefining urban Hierarchy Adapted to New Criteria.	53
4.5	Find	lings	54
4.6	Con	nparison of the Urban Hierarchy	55
4.7	Con	nparison of the Urban Hierarchy	55
5 C(ONCL	LUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	57
5.1	Con	clusion	57
5.2	Rec	ommendations	58
REFE	RENC	ES	i
ANNE	XES.		iii

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Methodology of the Study ,Source: Compiled by Author5
Figure 2: Theory of industrial location
Figure 3: Central Place Theory
Figure 4: Principles of central place theory
Figure 5: Rivalry among existing competitors
Figure 6- Sabaragamuwa Province in Sri Lanka
Figure 7- Development Performance Score -Sabaragamuwa Province
Figure 8- Relative analysis of urban presentation on factors beneath 'quality of life .48
Figure 9- human resources development
Figure 10- The Development level of cities according to economic development50
Figure 11- Government contribution
Figure 12- infrastructure
Figure 13- Urban hierarchy level based on central place principles and new indicators in year 2018
Figure 14- Urban hierarchy level based on central place functions in year 201854

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1: Definitions adopted to define "Urban" among different nations	.8
Table 2- Urban population according to size of towns in Sri Lanka (1946 – 2001)	.9
Table 3- Hierarchy of urban centers in different countries	11
Table 4- Attributes Determines the Urban Hierarchy Considered by Theorists	17
Table 5- Population serviced in selected areas	27
Table 6- Administrative areas of Sabragamuwa Province	28
Table 7- indicators reveal the level of Development in Urban Centers	30
Table 8- Benchmarking the Theoretical Supreme score for the Town	37
Table 9- indicators used to measure urban hierarchy.	38
Table 10- Development Performance Score of Urban Centers in Sabaragamuwa Province	15
Table 11- comparison of the urban hierarchy5	55