ENHANCING THE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OF EXPORT PROCESSING ZONES OF SRI LANKA

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Dissertation submitted for partial fulfilment of the requirement for the Degree of Master of Science in Project Management

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Sri Lanka

September 2023

DECLARATION

I declare that this is my own work, and this thesis / dissertation does not incorporate without acknowledgement any material previously submitted for a Degree or Diploma in any other University or institute of higher learning and to the best of my knowledge and belief it does not contain any material previously published or written by another person except where the acknowledgement is made in the text.

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The above candidate has carried out research for a Master's Dissertation under my supervision

Mrs. Piumi Dissanayake

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Dissertation Supervisor

ENHANCING THE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OF EXPORT PROCESSING ZONES OF SRI LANKA

Solid waste management is a critical concern in the modern world due to the compilation of solid waste, which cannot be easily recycled or managed. Furthermore, this issue has been continuously affecting most of the countries which are having Export Processing Zones (EPZ). Similarly, EPZs in Sri Lanka zones are making a considerable impact on the incensement of solid waste. Due to the unavailability of the proper solid waste management system, social economic and environmental issues have aroused. Hence this research aimed to develop strategies for enhancing solid waste management practices in Export Processing Zones in Sri Lanka on the identification of better solid waste management practices in EPZs Sri Lanka.

A qualitative research method was followed to achieve the aim of the study According to the interview guideline, 12 interviewees participated representing 3 case study EPZs in Sri Lanka. The primary data was collected through interviews the evaluated using manual content analysis.

The research finds current solid waste management practises in the global context have different varieties however in Sri Lankan contracts are limited to segregation open dumping end minimum level of recycling and reusing process. Furthermore, in most cases, open dumping is used for hazardous solid waste generated in export processing zones. In the Sri Lankan context incineration is widely used as a solid waste management process at its primary level. However, financial capabilities limited motivation, unavailability of national policy, political influence, and limited awareness of the public and management cause barriers to the solid waste management process. The research suggested that finding the stakeholders and providing specific responsibilities with a focus on producing solid waste generation, developing national policy, continuous monitoring, providing financial incentives, generating independent management authority, and increasing public awareness through different campaigns will support the solid waste management process in an improved version.

Even though solid waste management is limited to export processing zones, it is essential to concern this aspect in a wide view to ensure the social economy and Environmental Protection of the country. The research findings on solid waste management in EPZs concerning successful methods used in a global context propose guidelines for better practices. Furthermore, the development of the legal systems and long-term policies are key findings of the research to enhance the socio-environmental and economic best practices in Sri Lanka.

Keywords: Solid waste management, Export processing zones, Sri Lanka, Incineration, 3R concept

DEDICATION

TO MY LOVING HUSBAND AND MY TWO KIDS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I express sincere gratitude to my dissertation supervisor Mrs. Piumi Dissanayake,

Senior lecturer of the Department of Building Economics of University of Moratuwa

for her expertise, guidance, valuable instruction and encouragement given to me in

order to make this dissertation a reality. Without her this report would never have

been materialized.

Further, my sincere gratitude is rendered to Prof. (Mrs.) Anuradha Waidyasekara,

Head of the Department of Building Economics, in order to render the valuable

guidance from the commencement of the postgraduate studies.

More to then, I must thankful to Ch.QS Vijitha Disarathna, Former Programme

Director of the PG Dip / MSc. in Project Management programme and Ch.QS

Indunil Senevirathne, Programme Director of PG Dip / MSc. in Project Management

programme for their support in resolving issues during the postgraduate studentship.

Also, I would like to thank all the officials of Board of Investment for providing me

with all the necessary material and information in making this dissertation

successfully:

Finally, I wish to express my heart felt gratitude to my husband, my son & little

daughter for encouragement and fullest support to complete the dissertation.

Thank you

O N R P Abhayapala

iv

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DECL	ARATIONi
ABST	RACTii
DEDI	CATIONiii
ACKN	IOWLEDGEMENTiv
TABL	E OF CONTENTSv
LIST	OF TABLESix
LIST	OF FIGURESx
LIST	OF ABBREVIATIONSxi
СНАР	TER ONE
INTR	ODUCTION12
1.1	Background
1.2	Problem Statement
1.3	Aim and Objectives
1.4	Research Methodology
1.5	Scope and limitation
1.6	Chapter Breakdown
1.7	Summary
СНАР	TER TWO19
LITE	RATURE REVIEW19
2.1	Chapter introduction
2.2	Introduction of Export Processing Zone and its importance to the Economy 19
2.3	Introduction to Solid Waste
2.4	Concept of Solid waste management 24

	2.4.1	Elements of solid waste management	26
	2.4.2	Generating of solid waste	27
	2.4.3	On-site handling & storage of solid waste	27
	2.4.4	Collection of soild waste	27
	2.4.5	Transfer and transportation of soild waste	28
	2.4.6	Material and resource recovery	28
	2.4.7	Disposal of soild waste	28
2.5	Solid	waste generation in export processing zones	28
2.6	Impac	t of solid waste to the Export Processing Zones.	29
2.7	Solid '	Waste Management in Export Processing Zones	30
2.8	Currer	nt practices of solid waste management in Export Processing Zones	31
2.9		of current solid waste management pretieses of Export Proces in Sri Lanka	_
2.10)Strateg	gies to mitigate the issues of soild waste management of Ex	port
	Proces	ssing Zones in Sri Lanka	34
2.1		for proper solid waste management of Export Processing Zones in	
2.12	2 Chapte	er Summary	38
СНАН	PTER T	THREE	39
RESE	ARCH	METHODOLOGY	39
3.1	Introd	uction	39
3.2	Resear	rch Process	39
	3.2.1	Background study	40
	3.2.2	Literature Review	40
	3.2.3	Research problem	41
	3.2.4	Research Design	41

	3.2.4.1 Research approach	41	
	3.2.4.2 Research Strategy	42	
	3.2.4.3 Research technique	43	
3.3	An ethical approach to the research	46	
3.4	Chapter Summary	46	
СНАР	TER FOUR	47	
DATA	ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS	47	
4.1	Introduction to the Chapter	47	
4.2	Introduction to selected Case studies	47	
	4.2.1 Case A	47	
	4.2.2 Case B	48	
	4.2.3 Case C	48	
4.3	Interviewee profile	48	
4.4	Cross case analysis	50	
4.5	Current solid waste management practices in Export Processing Zones in Lanka		
	4.5.1 Source of solid waste generation in Export Processing Zones in Lanka		
	4.5.2 Solid waste management practices in Sri Lankan Export Procee Zones	_	
	4.5.3 Issues of current solid waste management practices of Sri Lar EPZs		
4.6	Strategies for mitigating the issues of current solid waste manager practices of Export Processing Zone in Sri Lanka		
4.7	Discussion		
4.8	Chapter Summary	63	

CHAI	TER I	FIVE	64
CONC	CLUSI	ONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	64
5.1	Chapter introduction		
5.2	Concl	usions	64
5.3	Recon	nmendations	67
	5.3.1	Recommendations for Export Processing Zones	67
	5.3.2	Recommendations for Legal and government authority	67
	5.3.3	Recommendations for Public awareness	68
5.4	Limita	ations of the study	68
5.5	Furthe	er research area	68
REFE	RENC	ES	70

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1:	Description of the export processing zones	21
Table 2.2:	Solid waste management current practises, issues and mitigation	
	methods of EPZs in Sri Lanka.	37
Table 3.1:	Profile of selected cases	43
Table 4.1:	Interviewees profile	49
Table 4.2:	Source of solid waste generation in Sri Lankan EPZ	51
Table 4.3:	Issues of solid waste management practices	55
Table 4.4:	Strategies to overcome issues	59

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2.1: Key concepts of solid waste management	25
Figure 2.2: Elements of solid waste management procedure	26
Figure 3.1: Research process	39
Figure 4.1: Solid waste management system	54

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BOI – Board of Investment

CEA – Central Environmental Authority

EPZ – Export Processing Zone

FDI – Foreign Direct Investment

GDP - Gross Domestic Product

SWM - Solid Waste Management